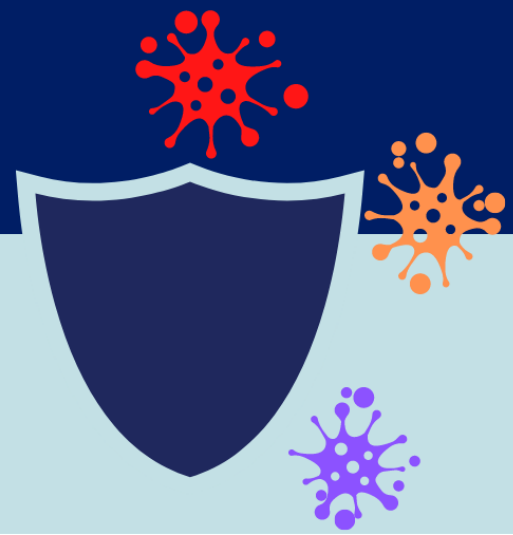


What is AMR?

Antimicrobial Resistant Infections (AMR)

The ability of bacteria, virus, fungus, or parasite to resist the effects of drug; making infections harder to treat and increasing the risk of disease spread, severe illness and death.



AMR occurs when bacteria, viruses and fungi evolve, making existing medications ineffective



AMR threatens transplant recipients, preterm infants, cancer or immunocompromised patients and others with chronic health conditions



More than 2.8 million drug-resistant infections occur in the U.S. each year, causing more than 35,000 deaths



AMR now kills more people globally than HIV/AIDS or Malaria



Fungal infections are increasing worldwide; Valley Fever being one of the fastest growing



Valley Fever symptoms mimic other illnesses, leading to delayed diagnosis and an increased use of antibiotics which contributes to AMR

